กระดาษคำถาม (Questions) ฝึกฝน 20 ข้อ

Username: ระดับ: ชื่อ-สกุล: (ตัวอย[่]าง 10 ข้อ) 5.ภาษาอังกฤษ ม.4 ทั้งหมด

1 คำถาม	Ant.	an literature and the second s
A: Do you agree that E	English is difficult to learn?	3
B: Yes, but it isn't	difficult learning	Japanese. (ID02323A4134446)
1.> asas		

1., 43.....

2.> so.....as

3.> such.....that

4.> so.....that

5.> very.....than

2. คำถาม To get to my house from school, go out of the entrance and turn left into Denham Lane.Walk along Denham Lane as far as the roundabout and then turn right. After about a hundred meters, you'll see the post office on your left. It's opposite the Midland Bank. Cross the road and you'll see a bus stop in front of you, with a small path next to it. Go through _____ and over the bridge. You'll see my house on your right. (ID02323A4152850)



- 1.> the road
- 2.> the gate
- 3.> the bridge
- 4.> the corner
- 5.> the path
- 3. <u>คำถาม</u> Soldiers in the United States (US) Army are volunteers. The Army trains recruits at basic training units, The main basic training unit is Fort Jackson in South Carolina. Basic training is nine weeks. The instructors are non-commissioned officers (NCOs), They teach basic military skills, including drill and weapons training. Recruits in basic training live and sleep in barracks. They wear a military uniform. They don't go home during basic training and they don't see their family before graduation.

 Question: The passage is mainly about (ID02323A4152855)
 - 1.> soldiers in the US Army
 - 2.> basic military skills
 - 3.> main basic training unit

4.> activities during basic training		
5.> basic combat training in the US Army		
4. คำถาม A: B: Turn right at the corner. It's on your left. (ID02323A41) 1.> Do you know the bank? 2.> Where the bank is? 3.> Do you know where the bank is?	40130) předejdko off	AS SO
4.> How far is the bank?		
5.> How I can get to the bank?		
5. คำถาม A: Hello, I'd like to talk to your boss. Is he in the office? B: Yes, sir but (ID02323A4140039) 1.> he is out. 2.> he is engaged. 3.> he is available. 4.> he is free now. 5.> he is unoccupied.	No. of the last of	September 1997 Septem
6. คำถาม After Alfred Bernhard Nobel died, he left his for in the world: the Nobel Prizes. In his will, he said that the who shall have conferred the greatest benefit on manking the fifth anniversary of his death. At that time the award chemistry, medicine, literature, and peace. In 1969, another science. Question: What is the meaning of the underlined word 1.> house 2.> family 3.> money 4.> school 5.> name	ne awards should be an- nually nd. The awards were first giver ds were given to five different for the category was added to the	y given to those n out in 1901, on fields-physics,
7. คำถาม Soldiers in the United States (US) Army are vol training units, The main basic training unit is Fort Jacksor weeks. The instructors are non-commissioned officers (N drill and weapons training.Recruits in basic training live a uniform. They don't go home during basic training and the Ouestion: They refers to	n in South Carolina. Basic traini ICOs), They teach basic military and sleep in <u>barracks</u> . They we	ng is nine y skills, including ar a military

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1.> recruits		
2.> instructors		
3.> soldiers	E	ć
4.> barracks	45°,	(S)
5.> skills		
8 คำถาม Located near the backpacker's mecca of Khadyou are planning a trip. You can find everything you neeven postcards. Even if you aren't planning a trip, a vis mind. What is Passport ? (ID02323A4140740)	eed here; guidebooks, magaz	zines maps and
1.> a guidebook2.> a bookshop3.> a trip planner4.> a travel lover5.> a coffee shop	in the state of th	iking C.C.C.
9 คำถาม Guest : I've got to go now. It was a wonderful party. Host : (ID02323A4152901) 1.> Thanks for coming	Section 1988	Se S

2.> Thanks for calling

- 3.> Take care of yourself
- 4.> It's time to say goodbye
- 5.> Time's up
- The above label shows the instructions for

Directions - do not tak	e more than directed
adults and children 12 years and over	-take 2 gelcaps every 4 to 6 hours as needed -do not take more than 8 gelcaps in 24 hours
children under 12	do not use this product in children under 12

- 1.> giving directions
- 2.> wearing a cap
- 3.> using hair gel
- 4.> looking after kids
- 5.> taking a medicine

11. <u>คำถาม</u>

Rita: Hi, Joyce. How are you doing?

Joyce: (ID02323A4140105)		
1.> I'm writing my report.		
2.> I came by train.	S. S	S. S
3.> I've been doing a lot of homework.		
4.> I'm fine.	A STATE OF THE STA	in the state of th
5.> I don't know how to do it.	N. S.	
		The state of the s
12. <u>คำถาม</u> Located near the backpacker's mecca c	·	
If you are planning a trip. You can find everything		•
even postcards. Even if you aren't planning a trip,	a visit to Passport could make you	ı change your
mind.		
The passage is about (ID02323A4140842)	
1.> the backpacker who lost his passport		
2.> the trip that you should take.	6	
3.> the place where travel lovers should visit.	KG.	N.S.
4.> the document which you need to show when	you enter or leave a country.	Ł ŚŚŚ
5.> the book that you must have		
		<u> </u>
13. คำถาม staff shortages, there was no r	restaurant car on the train. (ID0232)	3A4140650)
1.> Because of		
2.> As if		
3.> Unless		
4.> However		
5.> Owing to		
14. คำถาม	Manual Ma	E SE
Customer: I want to have my hair cut.		
Hairdresser:?		de la companya del companya de la companya del companya de la comp
Customer : Just trimming. (ID02323A4152906)		
1.> What is he like		
2.> How do you like it		
3.> What does he look like		
4.> What can I do for you		
5.> Can I give you my hands		
15 ° 0000 A		1.11.2
15. ค้าถาม According to the instructions, what is th	ne maximum dose that a 17-year-o	ld boy can take in
One day *(ID02323A4132909)		and the second second
	. A. C.	
one day ? (ID02323A4152909)	A STATE OF THE STA	A SECTION AND A
LE STATE OF THE ST		

		© MO	THERSHIP project " ม.4 "	
	Directions - do not tak	Directions - do not take more than directed		
	adults and children 12 years and over	-take 2 gelcaps every 4 to 6 hours as needed -do not take more than 8 gelcaps in 24 hours	\$ E	
	children under 12	do not use this product in children under 12		
1.> twelve 2.> eight 3.> four 4.> two 5.> none			Sin Maria	
in the world: t who shall hav the fifth anniv chemistry, me science.	the Nobel Prizes. In his vertices of the greatest ersary of his death. At the dicine, literature, and pe	el died, he left his fortune to establish the will, he said that the awards should be annot benefit on mankind. The awards were first hat time the awards were given to five difference. In 1969, another category was added here awarded in 1969? (ID02323A4152853)	nually given to those t given out in 1901, on erent fields-physics,	
17. <u>คำถาม</u> In t (ID02323A4152 1.> thin 2.> poor 3.> wealthy 4.> healthy 5.> money		very expensive, so only the veryc	ould afford it.	
a. Dial the nur	mber. e dialing tone. e card or coins in the slo phone. nen finish.	ot.	No Cool September 1989	

- 3.> b c e a d
- 4.> c a b e d
- 5.> b e a d c

19. คำถาม

(Which is closest in meaning to the sentence?)

would buy a car immediately if I had a lot of money. (ID02323A4140713)

- 1.> I don't have enough money to buy a car.
- 2.> I have a lot of money but I don't need a car.
- 3.> I had a lot of money so I bought a car.
- 4.> I had a lot of money and a car.
- 5.> I had a car but no money.
- 20. คำถาม The mobile phone has become a necessity for many. This handheld device keeps us in touch with the outside world and makes talk easy with just the click of a button. However, these days, it seems talk is no longer enough. Phone users are now seeking out the latest models with additional options such as built in radio and digital camera. As the technology develops so quickly, we thought it would be a good idea to slam on the brakes and take a look back at the development of man's newest best friend - his mobile phone.

"This handheld device" refers to (ID02323A4140018)

- 1.> a phone user
- 2.> a cellular phone
- 3.> a digital camera
- 4.> a built-in radio

5.> an additional option Username: ระดับ: วัน-เวลา:21 Thursday-November-2024 16:36:57 6/9 หนา

เฉลยคำตอบ (Answers) ฝึกฝน 20 ข้อ

Username: ระดับ: ชื่อ-สกุล: (ตัวอย่าง 10 ข้อ) 5.ภาษาอังกฤษ ม.4 ทั้งหมด

<u>1. คำตอบ</u> 2.>

คำอธิบาย ตอบข้อ 2. > การเปรี่ยบเทียบเพื่อแสดงความไม่เท่าเทียมกันนี้ ในสมัยก่อนนิยมใช้แต่ not so...as เท่านั้น ซึ่งถือว่าเป็นการใช้ถูกแบบแผนของภาษาอย่างเต็มที่ แต่ปัจจุบันนี้นักไวยากรณ์ทั้งหลาย หันมาใช้ not as...as พอ ๆ กันกับใช้ not so...as ดังนั้นจึงถือว่าใช้ได้ทั้ง 2 แบบ การเปรียบเทียบเพื่อแสดงความเท่าเทียมใช้ as...as

2. คำตอบ 2.>

คำอธิบาย ดูภาพประกอบเฉลย

3. คำตอบ 3.>

คำอธิบาย ดูภาพประกอบเฉลย

4. คำตอบ 3.>

คำอธิบาย ตอบข้อ 3.> Do you know where the bank is? เป็นการสร้างประโยคคำถามแบบ Indirect speech จะใช้การเรียงลำดับคำตามปกติ คือ ประธานมาก่อนกริยา ถ้าเป็นแบบ direct speech จะใช้ว่า Where is the bank? ตัวอย่างอื่นๆ เช่น

Where does Peter live?(เป็น direct speech)/She asked him where Peter lived.(เป็น indirect speech) Why is she crying?(เป็น direct speech)/ He asked why she was crying.(เป็น indirect speech)

คำตอบ 2.>

คำอธิบาย ตอบข้อ 2.> he is engaged. กำลังยุ่งอยู่ (available=ว่าง occupied=ไม่ว่าง engaged=ยุ่ง/ติดธุระ)

6. คำตอบ 3.>

<u>คำอธิบาย</u> fortune(n.)= ทรัพย[์]สมบัติ

7. <u>คำตอบ</u> 2.>

<u>คำอธิบาย</u> ดูภาพประกอบเฉลย

8. คำตอบ 2.>

คำอธิบาย พิจารณาจากข้อความ You can find everything you need here; guidebooks, magazines maps and even postcards.

9. คำตอบ 1.>

<u>คำอธิบาย</u> ดูภาพประกอบเฉลย

10. <u>คำตอน</u> 5.>

<u>คำอธิบาย</u> ดูภาพประกอบเฉลย

1<u>15 คำตอบ</u> 4.>

คำอธิบาย ตอบข้อ 4.> I'm fine ฉันสบายดี /สำนวน How are you? คุณสบายดีไหม ยังมีอีกหลายสำนวนเช่น How are you doing? / How are you going? / How are things? / How's it going? / What's up? / What's the matter? - วิธีตอบ เช่น I'm alright. / I'm doing good. / I'm a bit tired. /I've got a cold.ฉันเป็นหวัด / I've got a fever.ฉันเป็นไข้ / I've got a stomachache.ฉันปวดท้อง / I've got a sore throat.ฉันเจ็บคอ

12. คำตอบ 3.>

คำอธิบาย The passage is about(ข้อความนี้เกี่ยวกับ...) the place where travel lovers should visit.สถานที่ที่นักเดินทางควรจะมา

13. <u>คำตอบ</u> 5.>

<u>คำอธิบาย</u> Unless=นอกจาก,เว้นแต่ หรือ Because=เพราะว่า การใช้จะตามด้วย Subject + Verb เช่น He crashed his car because he was driving too fast.

ส่วน Owing to/ Because of=เนื่องจาก,เพราะว่า การใช้จะตามด้วย Noun Phrase / Verb-ing เช่น Because of the rain, the tennis match was stopped. As if=ราวกับ,ประหนึ่ง restaurant car=รถเข็นเสิร์ฟอาหาร

14. <u>คำตอบ</u> 2.>

คำอธิบาย Just trimming = เพียงแค่ตัดแต่ง

15. <u>ค</u>ำตอบ 2.>

<u>คำอธิบาย</u> ดูภาพประกอบเฉลย

16. <u>คำตอบ</u> 4.>

<u>คำอธิบาย</u> ดูภาพประกอบเฉลย

17. คำตอบ 3.>

คำอธิบาย Afford(v.)=สามารถหาได้ wealthy(n.)=ผู้มั่งคั่ง

18. คำตอบ 2.>

<u>คำอธิบาย</u> ดูภาพประกอบเฉลย

19. **ุค้**าตอบ 1.>

คำอธิบาย ประโยค If clause สามารถแบ่งได้ 2 แบบ

- เช่น If I were you, I wouldn't love him.
- 2.ถ้าหากสวนของ Main clause ขึ้นก่อน จะต่อด้วย If clause เลยโดยไม่มี , (comma) คั่น เช่น I wouldn't love him if I were you.
- If Present Simple, Present Simple ใช้กับเงื่อนไขที่เป็นจริงเสมอ ใช้พูดถึงความจริงตามธรรมชาติ หรือข้อเท็จจริงทั่วไป เช่น

If you stand in the rain, you get wet

- If Present Simple, Future Simple ใช้อธิบายว่า ถ้าหากเหตุการณ์หนึ่งเกิดขึ้น อีกเหตุการณ์หนึ่งก็มีแนวโน้มว่าจะเกิดขึ้น เช่น

If it does not rain, we will go to the park.

- If Past Simple, Subject + would + Verb infinitive ใช้กับสิ่งสมมติหรือสิ่งที่เป็นไปไม่ได้ในปัจจุบัน เช่น If I knew the answer, I would tell you.ถ้าฉันรู้คำตอบ ฉันจะบอกเธอนะ (แต่ตอนนี้ไม่รู้) สรุป ตอบข้อ1.> I would buy a car immediately if I had a lot of money.ฉันจะซื้อรถทันที ถ้าฉันมีเงินมากๆ(แต่ตอนนี้ไม่มีเงินมากพอ)

คำตอบ 2.>

ตอบข้อ 2.> This handheld device refers to(อ้างถึง) a cellular phone(โทรศัพท์เคลื่อนที่) คำอธิบาย